

The Grape Crop of Berks county, Pa., is said to be, this year, a total failure. It appears that in the early part of the season the fruit was seized with rot, and the portion that escaped, being yet in a green state, will be of little value. The failure will be regretted by the lovers of Reading grapes. The estimated loss on the crop will not be less than \$20,000.

At Baltimore, on Thursday afternoon, Herr Ryninger recomplished the feat of walking on a single wire from the roof of the Pohlman House, foot of Broadway, to the European House, on Thames street, below Broadway. The wire was about the thickness of those used on the telegraphic line, and extended about 100 feet, commencing at a height of forty feet and gradually descending to the ground. This wonderful feat was performed with the greatest ease and facility, and apparently with as much confidence on the part of the performer as if he were walking on the ground.

Fire.—On Saturday night, the barn of Mr. Myers, about four miles from Mercersburg, was destroyed by fire. We understand that the entire crop of Mr. M., consisting of about 800 bushels of grain, was consumed, together with a quantity of hay, straw, &c. A barouche, horse-gears and various farming implements were also destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, as its origin is not to be accounted for in any other way.—*Journal.*

Died of Leucis.—Upon the body of Mr. Rogers Northey, who died in the poor-house at Bath, Me., last week, were found \$3,000 in gold, with which he had recently returned from California. He was 74 years old, and his death was caused in part by serving a writ upon him to recover a forfeited surety bond which he had given before he went to the gold region. The writ threw him into convulsions.

Population of Milwaukee.—The census of Milwaukee shows a population of twenty thousand and twenty-five. In 1834, only sixteen years ago, Solomon Juneau was the sole white male inhabitant of the town. In the spring of that year the first frame building was put up there. Even in 1840, but ten years ago, Milwaukee could only number seventeen hundred inhabitants.

Mr. Girault, a farmer at Eastham, Essex, England, has at the present time upwards of 600 people—men, boys and women—employed in pulling, carting, and peeling onions for pickling, and they will be thus engaged for two months. He pays £200 weekly, and the cost of each acre of onions averages £100. This includes preparing the ground, seed, weeding, gathering and peeling. Last year he sowed nearly a ton of onion seed. The onions are pulled by women by the rod, and skinned by the gallon.

Restoration to Life.—A young lady, of very respectable standing and family, was taken sick with the dysentery lately, at Westfield, Chataqua county, N. Y. She died on Saturday afternoon, and her parents and friends prepared her remains for burial. On Sunday evening, while watchers were in attendance upon the body, she came to life and was able to speak. There is now hopes of her recovery. The curious fact has produced quite an excitement in the town.

Extinction of a Whole Family.—A family, called Kaufman, consisting of five members, part of whom reached this city last week, have all, with the exception of one, been swept into eternity since leaving their home in Germany, a period of fifty or sixty days. As they embarked at Havre for this country, a son, who had just finished his education for the practice of medicine, fell overboard and was drowned. Three or four weeks after, as the vessel neared New Orleans, the father, Mr. Philip Kaufman, fell a victim to ship-levy. The mother, almost heart-broken, immediately on reaching the city, brought her youngest son, a boy about 12 years of age, to the hospital, laboring under the same disease, and the day following, she and a young daughter, the only surviving child, accompanied his remains to the cemetery. Three weeks only elapsed and the two had got to this city, when the fell destroyer again made his appearance.—The mother expired last Saturday, of a violent typhoid fever, induced and much aggravated, it is supposed, by her sorrows.—A little girl, 5 or 6 years of age, homeless and penniless, is all that there is left now of the family. A worthy mechanic has adopted the child.—*Louisville Courier.*

BALLOON ASCENSION.—*Snow Storm.*—On Saturday afternoon week, Joshua Sturm ascended with a balloon from Reading, Pa. He started at half-past four o'clock, and descended at Haddington, a few miles west of the Schuylkill river, about half-past seven. He says that during his voyage, and when at an altitude of two miles, he was overtaken in a snow storm, and what was strange to him, and will perhaps be so to every person, was the fact that the snow flakes ascended.

Non-resistance.—An interesting case of non-resistance occurred on board the steamer Commodore, on Tuesday night, during the passage from Stonington to New York. The subject was a female, who to the astonishment of the stowage passengers, left her berth in the ladies' cabin, and proceeded to pace the deck. She was attended in her sleeping habits, and being tall and thin, presented one of the most ghastly sights ever seen. Her appearance among the "second class" passengers, who were piled up in all sorts of ways upon the boxes and bales of menhaden, created great excitement.

Married.—On the 17th inst. by Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. DANIEL LEINARD, of Mountjoy township, to Miss SARAH LANE, of Strasburg township. In York, on the 24th ult. by Rev. Mr. Lechman, Mr. RICHARD P. REITZEL, to Miss TERRA-S, daughter of Robert M. Hutchison, Esq. of East Berlin.

Died.—Yesterday, at his residence in Butler township, after a long illness, Simon M. KINGSTON. Yesterday, at his residence in Mountjoy township, Mr. W. C. CONOVER, sen. aged about 65. On the 16th inst. in Abbotstown, Mr. JEREMIAH HANNA, aged 59 years and 2 months. On the 15th inst. AMANDA ELIZABETH, daughter of Mr. Francis KRAMER, aged 1 year, 3 months and 29 days.

COMMUNICATING.—On September 15, 1850, near Kingston, Ross county, Ohio, of cancerous MRS. ELIZABETH WAGNER, wife of Mr. Thomas Wright, in the 55th year of her age. She was born in Adams county, Pa. near Gettysburg, January 23, 1787, and emigrated to Ross county, Ohio, May, 1848. She has two surviving brothers, one is Dr. S. H. Hall, of Huntington, and the other John H. Hall, of the same county. She has left an aged companion, with whom she had long watched with poignant care in her protracted sufferings, and eight children, to mourn her sudden departure. She was an affectionate, prudent, faithful wife and mother, and had endured her illness with a noble courage, and had been for nearly 35 years, a worthy member of the Mount Pleasant Presbyterian Church. For several days before her death, she had no expectation of recovery. But she was calm and cheerful resigned to the Divine will. Her faith was strong, and religion was precious to her soul.

WANTED.—A considerable quantity of good SUMAC, WELL, cured, and clear of stems—for which a fair price will be given. GEORGE ARNOLD. Gettysburg, Sept. 23.

The Nashville Convention.—The Nashville convention, it will be remembered, adjourned to meet again six weeks after the adjournment of Congress, at the call of the President of the Convention. The Charleston Mercury learns that Judge Sharkey is satisfied with the action of Congress and declines to issue his call for the re-assembling of the convention. The Mercury, however, contends that the convention will meet on the 11th of November next, with or without the call of the President, and urges the election of delegates. The Southern Press at Washington appeals to the South to elect true men as delegates to the convention, of high standing—men of "strong moral courage."

Declines his Seat.—Mr. Vilas, whose election from Chelsea, Vt., was announced a few days since as a great triumph, considers the frauds by which his success was effected so palpable, that he refuses to claim his seat. Eighty more votes were cast than there were names on the check list.

An Insect Scourge.—One of the finest and richest valleys of Savoy has just fallen under a devastating scourge. A host of insects, which are confounded by the people with the locusts, although some time since in the valley of the Isere, near Saint Pierre d'Allegri. These herbivorous insects are a thousand times more destructive than the locusts; they are crickets (*acridium*). Their presence has been already marked by deplorable ravages in the crops of maize, which were at first remarkably promising. They increase and multiply in a most frightful manner; each of the females deposits in little holes in the ground, several thousands of eggs, which are soon hatched. When they have cleared one spot of every vestige of herbage, they proceed to another, and unless some efficacious measures are adopted, the whole of Savoy will be devastated.—These insects are as much to be dreaded when dead as when living; for, if killed by a cold rain, their bodies exhale an infectious miasma, which causes epidemic diseases.—*Galignani's Messenger.*

Stage Accident.—One of the National road stages was upset last week, and among those injured were Dr. Juddins, of Cincinnati, Mr. Rosgenberger, of Lafayette, Miss., and Mr. Wilson, of York, Pa., who was on his way to Canonsburg. Dr. Juddins was severely bruised, but in a few days recovered sufficiently to pursue his journey. The other gentlemen had also recovered sufficiently to start homewards.

Is it true, as stated by the *New York Tribune*, that "Foreigners already own, (in the shape of bonds or stocks) half the Railroads and Canals" in the United States?—It is true the amount of stocks sent abroad for the purpose of paying for British manufactures is fearfully great, and already owned by foreigners, we can readily assent to the Tribune's assertion that they "are likely to acquire the remainder, unless a radical change in our course of trade is effected." This is one of the beautiful operations of the British Tariff of 1846! Is it not time to quit, or must we go on till not only the stocks of the country, but the mortgages on our houses and lands are owned by the British?

Pitch into Him.—Mrs. Margaret N. Russell, of Ohio City, offers \$60 reward to any one who will catch her traitor husband, provided they find \$120 on his person, which he stole from her when he ran away. "The rascal," she says, "has got another wife, had more children than money, and married her to make up the delinquency."

Mortality among Cattle.—The Savannah News has a letter which states that the cattle in the Northern section of that State up to the Virginia line were dying by thousands from some singular disease, introduced by a drove of cattle that passed through that section of the State. Thousands had already died.

An Apprentice to the Printing business, is wanted at the Office of the "Sentinel."

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour,	4 75 to 4 82
Wheat,	1 00 to 1 12
Rye,	52 to 60
Corn,	58 to 69
Oats,	30 to 32
Beef Cattle,	4 50 to 5 25

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NEW GOODS.

GEORGE ARNOLD
HAS just returned from Philadelphia, and is now opening at the Old Stand, as large a stock of
Fall and Winter Goods,
as has been offered to the public at any time—amongst which are
VERY CHEAP
Cloths, Coatings, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Jeans, Cord, Flannels, Blankets, Knives and English, Merinos, Paramata and Hungarian Cloths, Alpaca, Ribbons and plain Lustres, M. Delaines, Gingham, Calicoes, plain and fancy Silks, long and square Shawls, Bonnet Velvets, Plushes and Silks, Ribbons, Gloves and Hosiery; a large stock of Domestic, together with almost every article in the Dry Goods line.

Groceries and Queensware.
All of which he will sell as cheap as they can be offered by any other store in this place. Please call, examine and judge for yourselves.
Gettysburg, Sept. 23.

DAGUERRETYPE PORTRAITS.

G. W. COLLAMER respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has taken rooms at Mr. Minnigh's Temperance House, and is now taking likenesses by the late method, called the new London Process, which is pronounced superior to any applied to the purpose in the United States. He is enabled to ensure a likeness unsurpassed for richness of tone, finish, and strength of expression, which so plainly distinguishes a good picture from the mere shadows that are often thrust upon those who are not good judges.
Now you that have beauty should to Minnigh's take it.
You that have none, should go and let him make it.
Before decay's effaring fingers
Have swept the lines where beauty lingers.
And your friend will thus soliloquize:
Those lips are youth—thy own sweet smile I see,
That oft in thine, so fondly bemoaned I see.
The meek intelligence of those dear eyes,
Beams like the art that can immortalize.
Faithful remembrance of one so dear,
Oh! welcome guest, though unexpected here.
As Mr. C. contemplates only a short sojourn in Gettysburg, he begs to invite all parties wishing for portraits, to pay him an early visit. It is recommended to ladies to wear dark dresses—a scarf, or shawl has a pleasing effect. For gentlemen, a black coat, and dark or black vest and cravat.
Gettysburg, Sept. 23.

I. O. OF O. F.
THE members of "GETTYSBURG No. 124," are requested to attend a stated meeting, on Tuesday Evening, Oct. 1st, at which time the new By-Laws will be taken up for adoption.
J. S. BALDWIN, Secy.
Sept. 23.

Stray Heifer.

CAME to the house of the subscriber, in Butler township, Adams county, about the beginning of August last.
A BLACK HEIFER,
about a year old, with white on the head, and white stripe on the belly. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.
JACOB E. TROSTLE.
Sept. 23.

SPECIAL ELECTION.

Pennsylvania, ss.
In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
WM. F. JOHNSTON,
Governor of said Commonwealth, to
WM. FICKES, Esq. Sheriff of Adams County—GREETING:
WHEREAS, a vacancy has happened in the representation of this State in the House of Representatives of the United States, in consequence of the death of HENRY NIX, Esq., elected a member of the thirty-first Congress from the 12th Congressional district, composed of the counties of Adams and York;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions, in such case made by the Constitution of the United States, and of an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 23d day of July, A. D. 1839, I, WM. F. JOHNSTON, being vested with the Executive authority of the State of Pennsylvania, have issued this writ, hereby commanding you, the said William Fickes, to hold an Election in the said county of Adams on Tuesday the 8th day of October, 1850, for choosing a Representative of this Commonwealth in the House of Representatives of the United States, in full of the vacancy which has happened aforesaid, and you are hereby required and enjoined to hold and conduct the said election, and make a return thereof in manner and form as by law is directed and required. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this sixteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and of the Commonwealth the seventh-fifth.
By the Governor,
A. L. RUSSELL, Secy of the Commonwealth.

NOW, therefore, in accordance with the foregoing Writ, to me directed, notice is hereby given that an Election for ONE MEMBER OF CONGRESS, to serve the unexpired term of Hon. HENRY NIX, dec'd., will be held at the usual place of holding General Elections, in Adams county, on Tuesday the 8th of October next, between the hours of 8 A. M. and 7 P. M., in pursuance of the provisions in such case made by the Constitution of the United States, and of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the 23d day of July, A. D. 1839.
WM. FICKES, Sheriff.
Sept. 20, 1850.

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, his PROPERTY, situated on South Baltimore street, Gettysburg. The property consists of a
Brick Dwelling House,
and GARDEN LOT, and a small BARN, and 1 Acre & 89 Perches of Land. The House is large and commodious, attached to which is a well of water, a custom, smoke-house, and milk house. A number of choice Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c., are on the Lot.
Any person wishing to see the property, will please call on Messrs. McCLURE, Esq., who will show the same, and make known the terms, which will be easy and accommodating.
If the Property is not sold before the first of April next,
JAMES C. WATSON.
Sept. 16.

THE LEGISLATURE.

JACOB HANNEY, of Cumberland township, as an Independent Candidate for the Legislature, begs to be remembered to the voters of the Mount Pleasant Presbyterian Church. For several days before his death, she had no expectation of recovery. But she was calm and cheerful resigned to the Divine will. Her faith was strong, and religion was precious to her soul.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE School Directors of Hamilton township, will meet at the public house of John Yett, in the town of East Berlin, on Saturday the 30th day of October next, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. to consider SIX TEACHERS, to take charge of the several Schools in said Township.
By order of the Board,
B. HILDEBRAND, Secy.
Sept. 9.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

JAMES RUSSELL, of Franklin township, respectfully offers himself as a candidate for the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, at the election on the 20th of October next, and will be thankful for the support of his fellow citizens.
Sept. 22.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, living in Bendersville, has a large stock on hand for sale.
20,000 Oak SHINGLES,
3,000 feet Yellow Pine BOARDS,
2,000 " White Pine
1,000 " half inch Poplar
2,000 Chestnut RAILS, (quarter of White Chestnut)
600 Prime Half " very broad,
which I will sell low for cash.
JOHN BURKHOLDER
July 15.

FOR RENT.

A STORE ROOM,
in a desirable situation in the country—possession given immediately. Inquire at this office.
Sept. 22.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

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Sept. 22.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on advantageous terms,
A VALUABLE PLANTATION,
situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Clinton, Shantz, Andrew Thomas, and James K. Wilson, containing
178 ACRES,
more or less—of which about 30 Acres are in excellent Woodland. The improvements consist of a large double two-story
WATER-BOARDED HOUSE,
with stone back-building, a large Bank Barn, two Wagon-sheds, Corn-cribs, &c., and an ORCHARD. Marsh-creek passes through the Farm at the South end, and there is a small branch on the north.
The property will be shown to any person desirous of purchasing, by WM. S. HAMILTON, Esq., residing thereon, or the subscriber, in Gettysburg, who will make known the terms.
DAVID M'NURDIE.
Sept. 16.

FARM FOR SALE.

YORK Republican and Hanover Spectator insert 4 times, and forward bills to this office.
Gettysburg, Sept. 23.

FARM FOR SALE.

WILL BE OFFERED AT PUBLIC SALE,
On Friday the 4th day of October next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,
A FARM,
situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Anna Stoner, Heirs of Andrew Miller, Jacob Mackley and others, containing about
150 ACRES,
of which about 30 are in good TIMBER; the remainder in excellent MEADOW, and good arable land. It would suit well for a STOCK FARM. The improvements are a two-story
LOG HOUSE,
Double Log Barn, Spring-house, and other out-buildings. There are two never-failing springs of water on the place, beside that at the Spring-house. There is also a YOUNG ORCHARD.
Attendance will be given, and the terms of sale made known by
DANIEL LINARD.
Aug. 12.

A CARD.

THE Winter session of the NEW OXFORD COLLEGIATE and MEDICAL INSTITUTE, for 1850 to '51, will open in its various branches on Monday the 14th of October next, and continue till the 1st of April following.
Prices for tuition and board, viz: \$15 in the Collegiate, and \$20 in the Medical Department; payment in advance.—(No extra charges what ever)
For Pupils sent from a distance, the Principal will, if desired, procure board, washing and mending in respectable houses for \$75 per annum, payment quarterly in advance.
Parents and Guardians, who wish their sons or wards to receive a thorough education, without endangering their physical or moral health, are invited to come and examine the Institute personally, since the evidence of our own senses is more to be relied upon, than D. G. PFEIFFER, M. D., Principal.

A CARD.

THE public semi-annual examination of the pupils at the Institute will take place at the fixed time, viz: the last Monday in September (this year falling on the 30th of said month), and commences at 6 o'clock, A. M., on said day. Exercises in Declaration and Composition at early candle light. Persons feeling interested in the advancement of knowledge and humanity, will, we may confidently hope, regret the time spent, if they favor us with their company on the occasion, from the commencement.
New Oxford Institute, Sept. 13, 1850.
M. D. G. P.

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office in the Borough of Gettysburg, to receive Ball Assessment Duplicates and the necessary instructions, as follows:—
The Assessors for Union, Conowingo, Berwick, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Mountpleasant, Germany, Strasburg and Mountjoy, will attend on Wednesday, the 9th of October next; and
The Assessors for the Borough, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamilton, Franklin, Butler, Mendenhall, Tyrone, Huntington and Laitimore, will attend on Thursday, the 10th of October next.
By order of the Commissioners,
J. AUGHBINBAUGH, Clerk.
Sept. 16.

FALL MILLINERY GOODS.

JOHN STONE & SONS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
SILKS, Ribbons & Millinery Goods,
No. 45 South Second street, Philadelphia.
HAVE received by late arrivals from France, a large and very desirable assortment of
FALL MILLINERY GOODS,
among which will be found
Bonnet Velvets of all colors in variety of prices.
" Satins " " "
" Corded Velvets " " "
Figured, watered and corded Bonnet Goods, Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, a large assortment.
French and American Flowers, Laces, Bonnet Tassels, Cords, Buckrams, &c. &c. together with a splendid assortment of Paris Fancy Feathers.
The above goods were selected by one of the firm in France, and will be sold at the very lowest market prices.
Philadelphia, Sept. 16.

WANTED.

2,000 BUSHELS OATS, 1,000 BUSH ELS CORN, & 500 BUSHELS RYE,
delivered at any Mill in Germany township. For Wheat a fair price will be given.
GEORGE ARNOLD.
July 22.

MACKEREL.

SHAD,
CODFISH, SALMON, HERRINGS, HAMS AND SIDES, SHOULDER, LARD AND CHEESE.
Constantly on hand and for sale by
J. PALMER & Co., Market Street Wharf, PHILADELPHIA.
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20,000 Oak SHINGLES,
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Sept. 22.

NOTICE.

ESTATE of William McClellan, deceased.
LETTERS of Administration, decessu non, on the last WILL and TESTAMENT of WILLIAM McCLELLAN, late of Strasburg township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay, and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.
FRANCIS MONFORT, Adm'r.
Sept. 9.

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WM. B. McCLELLAN, Adm'r.
Sept. 2.

NOTICE.

IN the Orphans' Court of Franklin County, Pennsylvania—in the matter of the sale of the Real Estate of MARTIN CARBARTH, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased.—On motion of T. M. Carbaugh, Esq., the Court grant a Rule on JOHN NATHAN, the purchaser, and on the Creditors and Heirs of said Martin Carbaugh, and all persons interested, to appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Chambersburg, in and for said County, on the first Tuesday and first day of October, 1850, and show cause why the confirmation of the sale of the Real Estate of said deceased shall not be set aside and an order of re-sale granted.
By the Court, J. W. FLETCHER, Clerk.
Aug. 25.

STRAY HEIFERS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Hamilton township, Adams county, on the 23d inst.
Four Mooley Heifers,
marked as follows:—2 red, 1 white, 1 brindle—right ear cropped off each—supposed to be about two years old. The owner is desirous to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
JACOB CRADY, Jr.
Aug. 19.

FARM FOR RENT.

Will be offered for Rent, by Public Outcry, On Saturday the 5th of October next, at one o'clock, P. M., on the premises,
A TRACT OF LAND,
CONTAINING
135 Acres and 39 Perches,
late the estate of JOSEPH TAYLOR, deceased, situated in Mendenhall township, Adams county, one mile north of Arensville, and one mile west of Wierman's Mill, adjoining lands of John Lower, Nicholas Bear, Solomon Hartman, David Stewart and others. About 75 acres are cleared; the remainder covered with first-rate timber. The improvements are a
2 two-story Stone DWELLING HOUSES,
one of which is rough-cast, and a Double Log Barn, with Sheds. There are never-failing springs convenient to each dwelling, and springs of water in all of the fields; a stream of water passes between the house and barn; and Conowingo creek runs through the farm. There are on the premises
Two large Orchards,
and a large quantity of other Choice Fruit-trees. The Tract can be divided, if desired by purchasers.
The whole is in good order, and will be rented on the most accommodating terms. Persons desirous to view the property, will be shown the same by Alexander D. or William D. Taylor, residing thereon. Attendance will be given by
THE HEIRS.
Sept. 16.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A FARM,
GRIST & SAW-MILL,
SITUATE in Mendenhall township, Adams county, on Conowingo creek. Apply to the subscriber, residing on the premises.
JACOB MYERS.
Sept. 9.

GETTYSBURG FEMALE SEMINARY.

THIS Institution, under the direction of M. J. G. WALLACE, will be re-opened on Monday the 2d of September, and continue in two regular sessions of five months each, until the last of June—leaving July and August for vacation, instead of May and October.
TERMS.—Ten Dollars per session of five months, with extra charges for the Languages, Drawing and Fancy-work. Pupils will be charged from the time of entering, till the end of the session; and no deductions from the price will be made, except for time lost by the Teacher, or protracted illness of the pupils.
REFERENCES TO
Rev. Dr. Krauth, John B. M'Pherson, Rev. Dr. Schmucker, Robert G. Harper, Rev. Dr. Baughner, Dr. D. Horner, Rev. R. Johnston, Hon. M. C. Lean, Professor Jacobs, J. A. Thompson, Professor Steever, J. B. Danner, Dr. D. Gilbert, D. M. Smyser.
Sept. 2.

REMOVAL.

JOHN FARNESTOCK
HAS REMOVED his Hardware and Grocery Store to the room recently occupied by HARRIS & SONS, on the Southwest Corner of the Diamond, where he has opened a much increased assortment of **Hardware & Groceries**, to which the attention of the public is invited.
Gettysburg, Sept. 9.

TAILORING.

THE undersigned acknowledges his indebtedness to his numerous friends for the liberal share of patronage extended to him, and respectfully informs them that he has just received the
FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS,
and will be prepared to execute all orders in his line of business, with promptness, and at reasonable prices. All work entrusted to his care, warranted to fit.
J. H. SKELLY.
Sept. 9.

NOTICE.

ESTATE of Charles Delap, deceased.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of CHARLES DELAP, late of Mendenhall township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay, and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.
ROBERT ELDEN, Adm'r.
Sept. 16.

NOTICE.

ESTATE of Ephraim Zuck, deceased.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of EPHRAIM ZUCK, late of Strasburg township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay, and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.
FRANCIS MONFORT, Adm'r.
Sept. 9.

NOTICE.

ADDRESS
Of the Whig State Central Committee
TO THE FREEMEN OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FELLOW CITIZENS: The election is approaching, and we all have an important duty to perform. To discharge that duty fully, faithfully, and successfully, should be made a high object with every good citizen. The offices of Canal Commissioner, Auditor General and Surveyor General, the last two recently made elective, are all dependent on the popular voice. The control of the public works, the regulation of the land office, and the supervision of the finances of the State, are matters of grave concern to the people.

It becomes their interest as well as their duty to elect honest and intelligent men. The policy of dividing the canal board in its political character, so that the interests of all may be fairly represented and honestly guarded, must be obvious to every reflecting tax-paying citizen. The property too of surrounding the head of the State Administration with able advisers of the same political sentiment, must be equally apparent. The Whig Convention which assembled at Philadelphia in June last, placed in nomination for these offices, gentlemen of the highest character for ability and integrity. We know them to be eminently worthy men. We believe their election would be honorable to our party, and of service to the State; therefore we sincerely recommend them to your earnest support.

The election of Members of the Legislature possesses unusual interest, from the fact that at their next session they are to apportion the State for the Congressional representation, and to elect a United States Senator to serve for a period of six years, from the fourth of March next. The experience of last winter has taught us that in order to secure a fair and honest Apportionment Bill, it is necessary to have a Whig majority in the Legislature. The importance of having another voice in the Senate, to speak for the interests of Pennsylvania, cannot be overrated. It is important also to uphold and sustain our State Executive, in the line of policy he has adopted, a policy which is largely increasing the revenues of the State, providing for the reduction of the public debt, and making productive our unimproved lands. A wise system of measures, which is rapidly redeeming the Commonwealth from the low condition in which the corruption and misrule of former administrations had plunged her.

The election of Members of Congress is also of the utmost consequence. The interests of our State depend on the election of good men. The great body of the people of Pennsylvania demand a change of the Tariff. They are told that it is *unpopular*. For four years they have been struggling against legislation which closes their coal mines and their workshops—which prefers the foreign capitalist in their own market—giving bread to foreign labor which is required for the support of their own. The fires of our 200 iron works have gone out, the hands of 20,000 laborers are idle. Every branch of industry, Agricultural, Mining, Mechanical, and Manufacturing, is suffering. A change is required, such a change as will better develop the resources of the State, and more profitably employ the labor of our people. We want men who are orthodox on this subject. Men, too, of firmness, of courage, high intelligence, on whose wisdom, moderation, and patriotism we can rely in periods of danger and difficulty.

Men regarding the interests of their constituents, and at the same time looking to the integrity, harmony, and stability of the Union. Our opponents are already in the field. They have published their manifestos, proclaiming their virtues, and our infirmities, in the true spirit of the Pharisee. They talk of Galphins, of frauds and peculations with which they are most familiar, abusing with good set phrase and rounded period, every department of the National Administration. The highest standard of democratic merit is avowed to be an observance of the *maxims*, an attendance upon the caucuses, and a stern adherence to nominations by the majority. This constitutes the ceremonial of their political worship, never to be abandoned, no matter what pledges have been violated, or what public interests are to be sacrificed.

We contend for the entire freedom of opinion and action. Opinion should be free as air, and as intelligent as education can make it. Men are not born blind, or with collars on their necks.

We want good order, just laws and the administration of business. Our opponents talk of honest agents and low salaries, while their candidates vote for increased pay and higher emoluments. Who have had control of the public works for the last 12 years? Who have audited the public accounts, forgetting law and propriety? Who have used the public works for personal and party purposes? What Canal Commissioners have gambled for votes with the people's money, rewarding political emissaries, or in openly corrupting the ballot box? The Williamsport Convention made startling disclosures. We stand in the full light of Democratic revelation. On their own terms—they themselves being judges—they are *condemned*.

While we have profound reason to mourn the loss of our distinguished chief, the President of the United States, announced to us at an alarming crisis in our national affairs, we are yet permitted to rejoice that his mantle of office has fallen on the shoulders of one so able and so worthy to wear it. Never in the history of the country have our foreign relations been more successfully, or more gloriously maintained than during this administration, and new in the history of our State, have the interests of the Commonwealth been more carefully guarded, or her honor more nobly defended.

Let us then rally around and support them—let us maintain the principles we profess. To this end, and with these objects before us, if we would succeed, we must go to work. We must organize thoroughly, efficiently, and immediately, in every district, county, ward and township. Individual preferences must give way to the general good—personal differences, heart burnings, and dissensions be forgotten, and our stripes (if we have any) be who shall labor the hardest and accomplish the most for the success of the party, and the good of the country. Let us especially encourage our local press—establish it wherever it can be done, and sustain it when established. It is the great moral lever which moves the world. The lowest dissemination of correct principles, and the highest incitement of sound political doctrine, should be encouraged in every possible way. The success of the Whig party is based on the intelligence of the people.

The past is full of encouragement, and the future is full of hope. Let the same spirit which moved us in 1840 and 1848 move us now, and we shall triumph. Let our faith be a living faith, and victory is certain.

HENRY M. FULLER, Chairman.



GETTYSBURG:

Monday, September 23d, 1850.

WHIG CANDIDATES.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

JOSEPH DUNGAN, of Bucks co.

AUDITOR GENERAL.

HENRY W. SNYDER, of Union co.

SURVEYOR GENERAL.

JOSEPH HENDERSON, of Wash. co.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS.

DANIEL M. SMYSER.

DR. WM. MILLVANE.

(For vacancy in 31st Congress.)

SENATOR.

THOMAS CARSON.

ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM MSHERRY.

JACOB CRIEST.

AUDITOR.

FRED'K G. HOFFMAN.

DIRECTOR.

NICHOLAS BUSHEY.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JAMES G. REED.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

JACOB DIEHL.

Pennsylvania College.

At a meeting of the Trustees of Pennsylvania College, on Thursday last, the Rev. HENRY L. BAUGHMAN, D. D., Professor of Greek Language and Literature, was unanimously elected President of Pennsylvania College, in the room of Rev. Dr. KRAUTH, resigned. He has accepted the appointment, and will enter upon his duties at the opening of the next session.

The resignation, by Dr. KRAUTH, of the Presidency of the College, and the election of Dr. BAUGHMAN to that situation, having rendered changes necessary, the Trustees, on Thursday, appointed Prof. STRAYER, Professor of Latin Language and Literature, in room of Prof. REYNOLDS, resigned; and Prof. MCLENDEN, of Franklin College, Professor of Greek Language and Literature, in room of Dr. BAUGHMAN.

Theological Seminary.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Theological Seminary of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, on Wednesday evening last, the Rev. Dr. KRAUTH, late President of Pennsylvania College, was elected Second Professor in the Seminary.

Benjamin Schrier, Esq., has been appointed Steward of Pennsylvania College, in the room of Mr. Aughinbaugh, who has resigned.

At the late Commencement of Marshall College, at Mercersburg, Pa., the honorary degree of D. D. was conferred upon Professor WM. M. REYNOLDS, late of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, and now President of Capital University, Columbus, Ohio.

Dr. C. N. BERGLACH has, as we observe by a note from him in the last *Comptroller*, declined the nomination for Assembly.

The subject of Protection to American Industry will be one of the principal questions which will come before the next Congress. It is therefore highly important that attention should be paid to this matter. Our candidate, Mr. SMYSER, is, as all are aware, sound to the core on this question; whilst, we are sorry to have to say of any Pennsylvanian, we understand his opponent, Mr. KURTZ, has heretofore exhibited himself, by his published remarks, as an opponent of Protection! A word to the wise is sufficient.

It would be well for our Whig brethren to bear in mind, that upon the next Congress might devolve the selection of a President of the U. States, in the event of non-election by the people. It shows the importance of every vote being thrown for one of good sound Whig principles.

Sen. D. L. LEWIS, Esq., was confirmed by the Senate on Wednesday, as Collector of the Port of Philadelphia. The vote was 23 to 7. There was considerable opposition for some time past to his confirmation: for what reasons we could not exactly learn. They, however, have proved ineffectual.

Late from California.

Terrible Riot at Sacramento City.
The steamer Philadelphia arrived at New York on Friday afternoon—bringing dates from San Francisco to the 15th August. She has on board one million dollars worth of gold, and brings 100 passengers.

A terrible riot, resulting in death and much bloodshed, occurred at Sacramento City on the 12th August. It appears that a party, amounting to about sixty persons, calling themselves *Knights*—or rather designating it as such—proceeded to the prison ship to release some of their comrades. They were immediately confronted by the citizens, who a terrible fight ensued. The Mayor, Mr. Bigelow, was badly wounded during the affray. The City Assessor and many others on both sides were killed and wounded. The names McKim and Hannon were reported to San Francisco for troops and assistance. In the meantime the *Knights* had reinforced and numbered about eight hundred strong. Lieutenant Governor McComb proclaimed martial law, and the city thus remained until the required assistance was obtained and the riot finally put down, but not without serious injury to the participants on both sides.

The dry season has set in, affording fine opportunities for forming operations. About 10,000 persons were busily engaged at the diggings, all doing very well. Goods from the U. States were generally in active demand, and business in every class promising.

Annual Commencement of Pennsylvania College.

On Thursday last, the exercises attendant upon the Commencement of the College, came off. We have rarely, if ever, seen a larger number of strangers in attendance upon such occasions; and every thing passed off in the best manner. The number of Graduates was *eighteen*, of whom *fifteen* delivered addresses. The following was the order of exercises:

Prayer—By Rev. A. H. LOCHMAN, of York, Pa.

Latin Salutatory—By HENRY RECK, of Adams Co., Pa.

Man's Superiority—By DANIEL J. BARNICK, of Woodstock, Md.

The Empire—By JOHN BAUGHMAN, of Frederick, Md.

Greek Oration—By MILTON VALENTINE, of Taneytown, Md.

The Greek Drama—By WM. J. T. CARROLL, of Smithfield, Va.

The Human Voice—By WILLIAM F. GREAVIER, of Middlebrook, Va.

Spanish and Anglo-Spanish Civilization in America—By JOHN M. EICHELBERGER, of Winchester, Va.

The Influence of Mind upon Mind—By DANIEL GAVYER, of Scotland, Pa.

The Jews' Hope—By DAVID STROHL, of Mechanicsburg, Pa.

California—By ROBERT G. HARPER, Jr., of Gettysburg, Pa.

The Power of Example—By GEO. W. ANDERSON, of Harrisburg, Pa.

The Living Dead—By SAMUEL LINGGLEN, of York, Pa.

The Power of the Pen—By CHAS. JOHN EINHART, of Adams Co., Pa.

Popular Delusions—By CORNELIUS NITZBERGER, of Wadsworth, Ohio.

Claims of the World upon the Young Men of America—By JACOB KELLER KAST, of Mechanicsburg, Pa.

Claims of the Christian Ministry—By DANIEL WORLEY, of Harrisburg, Pa.

True Glory—By SAMUEL O. KEMPFER, of Manchester, Md.

Conferring of Degrees—By the President.

Valdieu—By JAMES E. CROCKER, of Smithfield, Va.

*Exercised.

During the intervals of the exercises, the "Gettysburg Lodge Band" discoursed that beautiful music for which they are deservedly celebrated. They have earned a character both at home and abroad, which is enviable in this particular.

The exercises were highly creditable to the young Graduates; and we think there has been a general feeling of satisfaction evinced.

The class has been the largest ever graduated at Pennsylvania College.

The degree of A. B. was conferred upon the above young men; and the degree of A. M., in course, upon the following graduates of three years standing:—Luther E. Albert, M. M. Bachrell, John A. Bradshaw, F. Wm. Brauns, Jacob H. Heck, Henry Jacobs, M. W. Merryman, Abraham Bessich, D. J. Eyer, Edward G. Palmestock, Rauben A. Fink, H. R. Geiger, J. R. Plitt, Mark Posey, Peter Raby, P. Sheeder, Wm. H. Withers, and the honorary degree of D. D. upon Rev. AUGUSTUS WENSTER, of Baltimore; Rev. H. L. SMITH, of New York City, N. Y.; and Rev. C. F. SHEPPER, of Rehoboth, N. Y.

On Tuesday evening the Alumni of the Theological Seminary were addressed by Rev. Dr. MONROE, of Baltimore. Addresses were also delivered by Messrs. SCHMUCKENROTH, HENRY, BRADEN, and ROUSE, who were of the graduating class.

On Wednesday afternoon, Judge KELLEY, of Philadelphia, addressed the Linnaean Association. In the evening, Rev. C. P. KRAUTH, Jr., of Winchester, Va., addressed the Alumni of the College. These exercises were attended by a large and attentive audience.

The Tariff.

A resolution was introduced into the House of Representatives on the 14th, by Mr. Vinton, of Ohio, for the relief of the industrial classes. It was for declaring that goods should be entered at their ascertained value in 1846, instead of their declared value. This would have afforded a protection on Iron, and been of very considerable advantage to our Forges and Furnaces, and enable them to get along tolerably well. It was lost, 93 to 96. Mr. Brooks, of N. Y., then moved to reconsider the vote, to enable him to offer a resolution that a Committee of seven be appointed, to sit during the recess, to inquire into the operation of the existing Tariff, and all the facts connected therewith. This was also lost—92 to 93. And, sorry are we to say, there were four Pennsylvanians who voted therefor to the interests of their constituents! They were Messrs. McLENDEN, of Chambersburg; MANX, of Bedford; DUNNICK, of Pike; and ROSS, of Bucks. Every other Pennsylvanian Democrat and Whig voted for the measure. We hope these men will be *marked* by their constituents.

Abolition of the Slave Trade.

We have the satisfaction of announcing that the last of the bills presented by Mr. CLAY, from the Committee of Three, for the Abolition of the Slave Trade in the District of Columbia, has passed both Houses of Congress. In the Senate, by a vote of 32 to 19; and in the House of Representatives, by a vote of 124 to 47.

The following is the bill, as passed:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of January, next, it shall not be lawful to bring into the District of Columbia any live whatever, for the purpose of being sold, or for the purpose of being placed in depot, to be subsequently transferred to any other State or place, to be sold as merchandise. And if any slave shall be brought into the said District by its owner, or by the authority or consent of its owner, contrary to the provisions of this act, such slave shall thereupon become liberated and free.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for each of the corporations of the City of Washington and Georgetown, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary, to place a block up, and abolish any depot or place of confinement of slaves brought into the said District as merchandise, contrary to the provisions of this act, by such appropriate means as may appear; either of the said corporations, expedient and proper. And the same power is hereby vested in the Mayor of Washington County, if any attempt shall be made within its jurisdiction limits, to establish a depot or place of confinement for slaves brought into the said District as merchandise for sale, contrary to this act.

The New Amendment.

The people of the Commonwealth will be called upon, at the coming October election, to vote upon an important amendment to the State Constitution—for the election of President and Associate Judges by the people. We have heretofore expressed our dissent from this measure, remarks the *Eastern Argus*, although it is generally advocated and sustained by most of the presses of all parties. We believe that a majority of the people are opposed to it, from an honest conviction that it will operate badly, and have a tendency to degrade instead of elevating the Judiciary of the State, and if any efforts were made to get a full vote upon the question, we feel certain that a large majority would be cast against it. We submit a few of our reasons why we oppose it, and why we think it should be rejected:

1.—It tends to the field for the selection of President Judges—Under the present law the Governor can cast his executive whole Commonwealth and select a suitable and capable man, wherever he can find one. He has a field of 63 counties in which to make a selection. Under the new system, if adopted, the Judge must reside in the district in which he is to preside. The salary of the Judges has been reduced so low, that the best lawyers will not exchange their practice for the honor of a seat on the bench, and the consequence is that we will have second and third rate lawyers in the field as candidates. Many a district will thus be left without a single suitable man to elect, while the Governor may find half a dozen or more lawyers in one district whose pecuniary circumstances will allow them to accept an appointment. With some exceptions, our Governor have generally made good appointments; and we have the Senate to reject them, in case incapable or immoral men are chosen.

2.—It strips the Judiciary into the arena of party politics. The Judiciary should be independent of party politics. Experience has taught us that every elective office will be sought after. Men will electioneer for them. As a gentleman remarked to us the other day, "the man who wants to be Associate Judge under that law, must ride the country and treat." He must go through all the paraphernalia of electing delegates, and when elected, it is natural to suppose that he will carry with him into the bench his political feelings and prejudices.

"Oh, but," says an advocate of the measure, "do you doubt the capacity of the people for self-government? If the people are able to elect their own President, are they not able to elect their own Judges?" Very true. But do the people desire so much power? Do they want to vote for so many officers? We don't believe they do. If this doctrine is to be carried out to its full extent, why not elect the Postmasters and United States Senators, and even the Supervisors. Collectors and Lock-tenders upon our public works? Carry out this doctrine, and after while you will have a ticket to deposit, as long as your arm.

There are many other good and well grounded objections to this change, but we have neither room nor time to advert to them now. It is an ill-considered measure at best, and the same thing was rejected in the Reform Convention by a large vote. We hope it will meet with no better fate here. "Let well enough alone," is our motto. We shall attend to this subject again before the election.

Amir Bey, the Ambassador from Turkey, has arrived at Washington. He is the first Minister that has ever been sent here by the Sublime Porte. He has been received at New York, and at Washington, with considerable respect. This has been heightened by the fact that the Grand Turk sent the Christian powers of Europe an example of charity in protecting the Hungarian refugees from their oppressors. An appropriation of \$10,000 has been asked for by the State Department, to cover his travelling expenses, after the fashion of the Orientals. This is thought to be a judicious outlay, and will be more than reimbursed by the Sublime Porte.

A New Tariff Project.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American gives the following as the details of a new Tariff project about to be introduced in Congress:

"An other tariff movement is now projected, the scheme differing very considerably from the last. It proposes that, after thirty days from adoption, all duties on goods, wares, and merchandise shall be assessed on the value thereof at the principal ports of the United States at the time of importation—provided that in no case shall duties be assessed on any valuation less than now established by law; and that the duties to be paid on pig and soap in a shall be seven dollars per ton on window glass thirty per cent ad valorem and on all other manufactures at the rate of ten per cent ad valorem and above the duties levied by the existing law on the raw material of which such articles may be wholly or in part composed—provided that no article shall be assessed at duty be less than its now imposed, excepting pig soap, which shall be exempt from duty, while raw materials now contracted for shall be admitted at present rates, if landed within one year.

"The new project will, in a few days, be offered as an amendment to a new suitable bill, and under more or less auspicious stars to be before. The prospect for the success of such an amendment is deemed a good one, though nobody can certainly predict the result."

Wholesale Market on the Pacific Coast.—Very interesting accounts have been received from the coast of the American Pacific, respecting their trade along the borders of the U. S. A. California writes to the *Herald* that the gold mining, lumbering, and bull breeding, on the Sabbath, are almost entirely suppressed. The Spanish population are said to be not only accessible, but even placed in Christian schools. The following facts are related, and said not to be unimportant:

I went into a Spanish settlement, and gave a long sermon on a suitable tract; I met and an exhibition of delight, and I saw more than twenty in a room and children rushed from a neighboring town and I saw a crowd of 10,000, holding out their hands for a blessing. On seeing that they were, I sang aloud, and saw a Bible in every hand before I had a moment. I had a congregation of thirty or forty, and I asked them in my broken Castilian as I best could. Had you witnessed the eagerness and delight of these poor devils and I believe you would not be so sanguine of a large supply of Spain's troops and traitors.

SPECIAL ELECTION.

Meeting of Congressional Conference.

The Conferees of Adams and York counties met at the house of Michael Hoffman, in Abbotstown, on Friday, Sept. 20. R. G. McCreary was appointed Chairman, and H. F. Thomas Secretary. After a full interchange of opinion, the following resolutions were agreed upon:

Resolved, That the 14th Congressional District has been deprived of its Representative in the National Legislature, by the ruthless hand of death; Therefore

Resolved, That in the decease of Hon. HENRY NES, our late able and efficient Representative in Congress, we have sustained a loss, which only they who knew him best can fully realize.

Resolved, That we tender our heart-felt sympathies to the bereaved family and relatives of the lamented deceased, who was the friend of every person, and whose early departure from this world we all so deeply deplore; and while his mortal body is mouldering in the grave, his name and memory will be fondly cherished in the bosoms of his former friends and fellow-citizens.

And, Whereas, in consequence of his death, we are called together to select and place in nomination a proper person to serve out the unexpired term, to be voted for at the next general election, be it therefore

Resolved, That we nominate Doct. Wm. McLLAVINE, of the Borough of York, as a suitable person to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. Henry Nes, our late Representative in Congress.

2. That we recommend the candidate this day selected as one every way worthy the suffrages of the intelligent and independent voters of the District—one who in public and private life, has ever shown himself honest and capable—the friend of the poor, and the advocate, as well as representative of principles, both in morals and politics, which tend to promote the best interests of the State and of society at large.

For the "Adams Sentinel."

Mr. Editor:—I have seen in several different newspapers, an account of a stalk of broom-corn, raised by a gentleman of Liberty town, Frederick county, Md., that measured 12 feet—accompanied by a challenge to farmers to beat it if they could. Yesterday a friend measured several stalks in my lot of broom-corn that measured upwards of 12 feet, and one stalk that measured 13 feet.

Germany Township.

California.

Private accounts and the newspapers represent some districts of California to be in a deplorable condition, murder and robbery being of daily occurrence. Society at Sonoma, Stockton, and the Southern Mines, is stated to be in a very disturbed state, owing to the frequent acts of outrage that are committed. It is said that these places are infested by numerous bands of Mexican robbers, well armed with revolvers and knives, and who assassinate and rob wherever the opportunity offers. A force was about being raised to wage a war of extermination against these daring outlaws, and the next arrival will probably bring accounts of some terrible scenes. The American inhabitants are greatly excited; and in some instances have summarily punished offenders under the code of Judge Lynch. They have resolved to expel foreigners from the mines, and this may give rise to a severe conflict. Things appear to be in a very unsettled state, and it will probably require some time for the authorities of the new State to enforce strict obedience to the laws.

Our private letters from California do not hold out flattering prospects for those who are disposed to emigrate to that distant State. Few make fortunes; and fewer preserve their health. The labor at the mines is arduous and unwholesome, and the profits small, excepting where an individual has the good fortune to pick up a large lump of gold, or to strike upon a rich vein. But even thus successful, he has to run the risk of being murdered or robbed. On the whole, we think that he who has the means of support at home, would act foolishly in going to California, with expectation of becoming rich by digging for gold.

Mr. JAMES R. WARR, one of the boarders at the Entwistle House, Baltimore, fell from his chamber window, in the fifth story, about two o'clock Saturday morning, and was instantly killed.

Verbal Election.—The gallant Whigs of the Green Mountain State have carried their ticket against a combination of all parties. Charles R. Williams is elected Governor by the popular vote, his majority being about 1300. This has not happened for six years. The State Senate will stand 21 Whigs to 9 Opposition, and the Whig majority in the House will be about 55. Two Whigs and one Democrat are elected to Congress, and in one district there is no choice; from which, however, a Whig will be elected at the next trial.

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad has commenced transporting freight and passengers as far as Hollidaysburg, meeting with the Paton road to Johnstown, 250 miles from Philadelphia. The whole time taken up on the route is reduced to 45 hours.

A Road Passenger.—While the ship Hannah and Mary, Capt. Crill, of Bridgetown, New Jersey, was lying off our port on Wednesday night, and the Captain and crew were sleeping in the cabin, a monster surgeon, seven feet in length, jumped in through the cabin windows, breaking such windows, &c., and disturbing most unquietly the slumbers of the fatigued crew. For a time all was confusion and alarm among the stimulants, not knowing the character of their new passenger, but in a few moments he had run into them. After a while, however, a light being procured, the surgeon was captured, and his passage not being paid or berth control, he was seized upon as a criminal, and afterwards sent by the captain to pay damages.

How it Works.—The German and Telegraph says:—Spain has been a source of Philadelphia since the small pox has gone into operation, that it took years and other evil business men suffer great pecuniary loss. The degradation of the law was to make specie more plentiful, but this for it has had a contrary effect, indeed has even caused a premium on specie. Relief notes are not uttered greedily, and principally form our currency in a small way; but the wear and tear by their constant handling, are making fearful inroads upon their fair proportions, so that some of them are shocking to look at.

Shocking Murder—Murder Arrested.

Pittsburg, Sept. 17.—A cold-blooded shooting murder has been perpetrated in our vicinity. William and Melchior Beltschewer, two brothers who keep a hotel about five miles from Pittsburg, were murdered last night by a man who stopped at their hotel. The cause or object of the murder is not yet known. Both the brothers were stabbed.

Melchior died instantly from the effects of the wound. William survived until today, when he expired, about noon. The perpetrator of this terrible tragedy, I am glad to inform you, has been arrested and sent to prison for trial. So enraged were the populace that before he could be gotten out of their reach they beat him badly, and would have lynched him probably, had not the officers taken him away. It was presumed he was laboring under a fit of drunken insanity.

The Cape of Good Hope papers mention the loss of the British ship Queen of the West. All on board perished. The same journals also give an account of the loss of the French ship Laigle. Of all on board only the mate and nine of the crew were saved. The hench to the eastward of the Cape is literally lined with wrecked vessels.

The Ohio Colonization society has purchased a tract of territory on the Coast of Africa, with a view of settling it as far as practicable with colored emigrants from that State. Ohio being on the borders of the slave States, receives a large amount of runaway and emancipated slaves. In anticipation of future evils from an undue proportion of that class of population, they favor the colonization project as best for both whites and blacks.

A Family Exposure.—A late English paper says:—Mrs. Graham, with three of her daughters and her son, ascended from Bayswater, on Monday week, in a new balloon, called the Victoria and Albert. The party descended safely in Richmond park. Mrs. Graham has written as follows to one of the papers: "I cannot omit noticing the extraordinary admiration of my daughter Alice, who accompanied me on Friday night from Vauxhall Garden, at the astonishing view of London, at midnight, being the first and only attempt made by females to conduct the management of a balloon at night, and so much pleased am I with the nerve exhibited by those of my daughters who have hitherto accompanied me, four in number, that if, on trial, I find the others of equal spirit, which I doubt not, I feel disposed, God willing, to ascend with my seven daughters at the great national exhibition of 1851."

The Ocean Steamer.—A Small Boat.—The steamship Canada, which arrived at Halifax, on Monday morning at 5 1/2 o'clock, having sailed from Liverpool at noon on Saturday, the 7th inst., has thus accomplished the passage in eight days and seventeen and a half hours—the quickest yet on record between these two ports. The shortest passage ever made was performed by the Asia, in eight days and seventeen hours. The Canada then has been beaten half an hour. Close starting that, for a passage across the Atlantic ocean.

England.—On the 4th inst., the butcher Hayman received a slight indication of the regard which the English people entertain for him. He arrived at London on Monday, and on Wednesday, having previously received a letter of introduction from Baron Rothschild, in which the Baron styles Hayman as his particular friend, he went to visit the brewery of Messrs. Barclay, Perkins & Co. Hayman was accompanied by his aid-de-camp and his interpreter. According to the regular practice of visitors, they were requested to sign their names in a book in the office, after which they crossed the yard with one of the clerks. On inspecting the visitor's book, the clerk discovered that one of the visitors was no other than the Marshal Hayman, late commander of the Austrian forces during the attack upon the unfortunate Hungarians.

It became known all over the brewery in less than two minutes, and before the General and his companions had crossed the yard, nearly all the laborers and daymen ran out with brooms and dirt, shouting out, "Down with the Austrian butchers," and other epithets of an alarming nature to the Marshal. The Marshal finding his matters stood, and being liable to get a warm reception from the sturdy crew, thought "discretion the better part of valor

